The Incubator Company

Talking Turkey Incubation with Jamesway

Presented by: Phillip Perry Hatchery Consultant



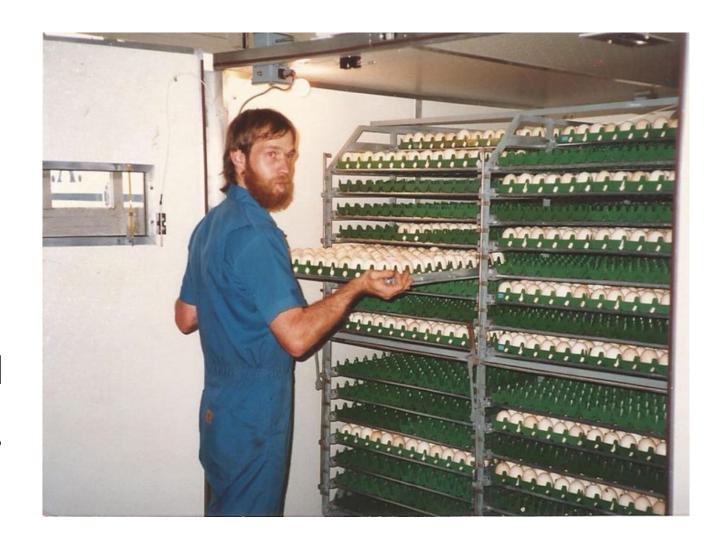
#### **The Turkey Hatchery**

#### Changes over the years:

- Bio Security
- Animal Welfare
- Servicing
- Technology



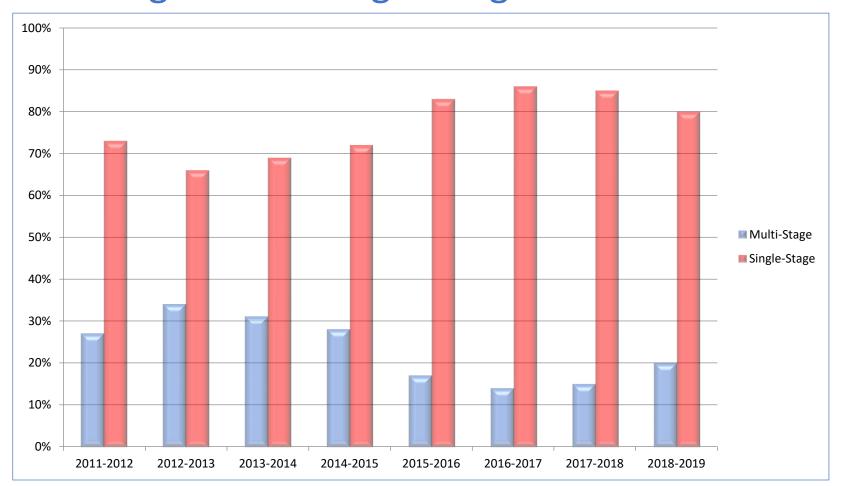
# The Turkey Hatchery Changes over the years:



More hair and weighed less.



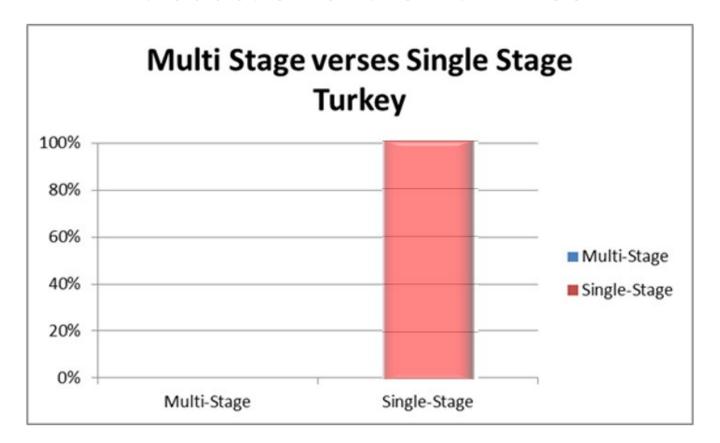
# The Poultry Industry Trend Jamesway Sales Multi-Stage versus Single-Stage 2011 to Present





#### The Incubation Concept

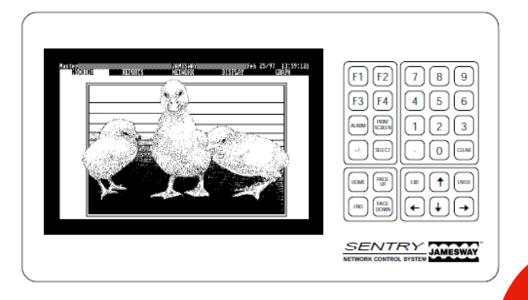
Jamesway has not sold a Turkey Multi-Stage Incubator since introduction of the ACI in 1992





### 1st Generation ACI







#### 2nd Generation Platinum 1 Series - 2003

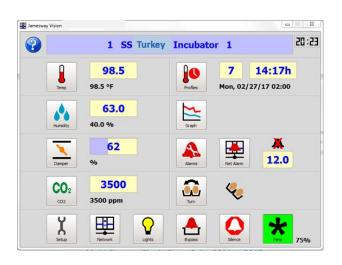






### 3rd Generation Platinum 2.0 (24VAC) Series 2013







4th Generation Platinum 2.1 (24VDC) Series

2018







#### **Incubator Capacities**

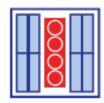
Incub. Cap.	Egg Flat Cap.	P10 Comp.	P20 Small	P40 Medium	P60 Large	P80 Double Deep	P120 Extra Large
Turkey/D	uck						
13 Tier	25	5,200	10,400	20,800	31,200	N/A	N/A
	30	6,240	12,480	24,960	37,440	N/A	N/A

COMPACT 1/2 Depth P10



2 racks

SMALL Single Depth P20



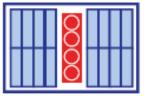
4 racks

LARGE

Single Depth

P60

MEDIUM Single Depth P40



8 racks

MESWAY 🔷

12 racks

#### **Hatcher Capacities**

Hatcher Capacity	P10	P20	P30	P40
	Compact	Small	Medium	Large
Turkey/Duck	6,240	12,480	18,720	24,960





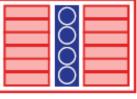
2 Double Dollies

SMALL P20



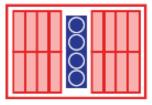
4 Double Dollies

MEDIUM P30



6 Double Dollies

LARGE P40



8 Double Dollies



#### **Incubation**

### Starts with Four Basic Requirements

- 1. Electricity
- 2. Water
- 3. Compressed Air
- 4. Ventilation

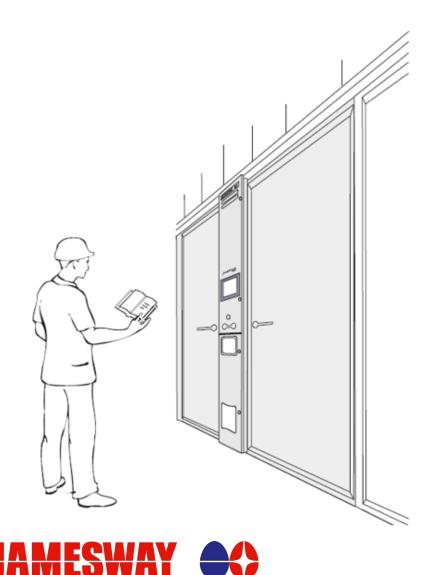








#### **Tales from the Notebook:**



- 1. Basic Requirements
  - a. Ventilation

#### To Achieve Quality Hatching Egg Setting Considerations

- Breed type
- Age of Flock
- Age of Eggs
- Partial Setting
  - Mixed Sets
- SPIDES Treatment
- Total Incubation Time
  - Profile





#### **Egg Traying and Placing on Racks**



Test the racks for ease of turning in Egg Storage before placing them in the incubator. When one air line is pressurized there should be no air leakage on non pressurized line.



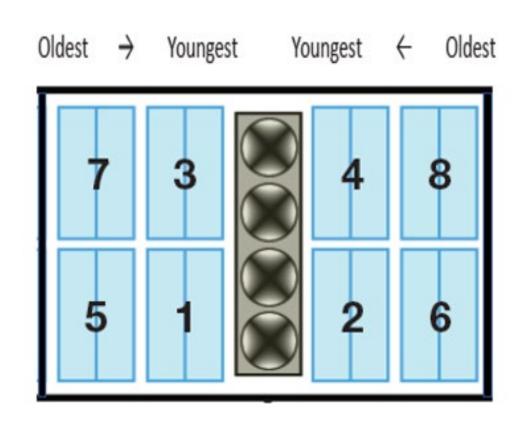
After the racks have been loaded; check that all egg trays are properly positioned in the egg tray frames.

For proper egg turn, ensure that all egg flats are pushed towards the back.

The egg flat must not protrude past the front frame rail. If it does the flat will get caught on the turning bar assembly resulting in broken eggs and damaged flats.

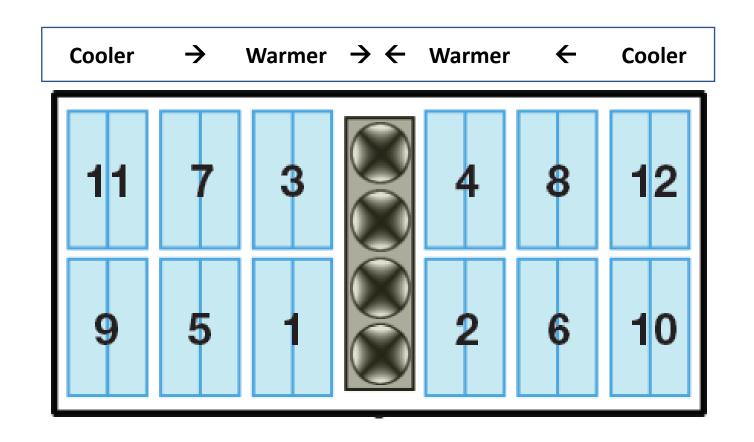


#### **Setting the P40 Incubator**



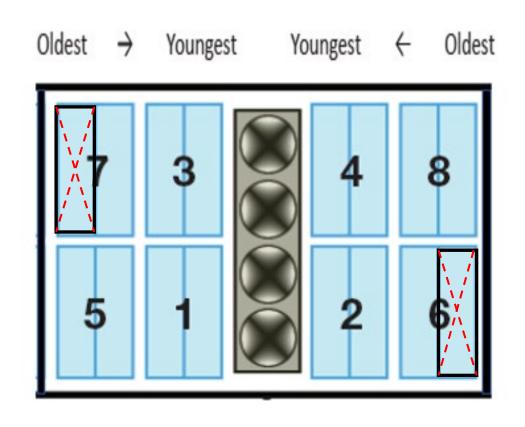


#### **Setting the P60 Incubator**





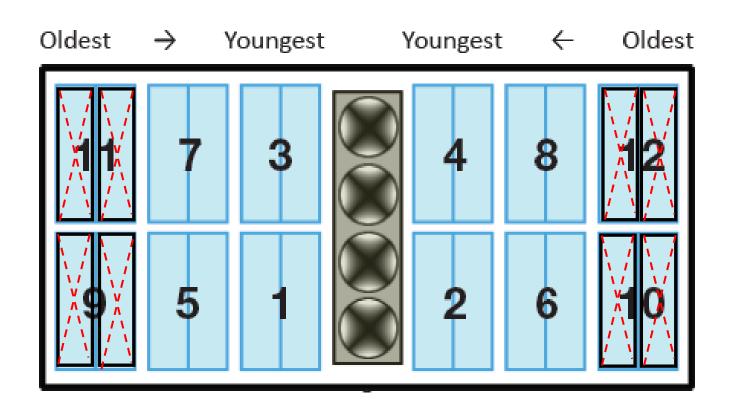
#### **Partial Setting the P40 Incubator**



With One empty rack



#### **Partial Setting the P60 Incubator**

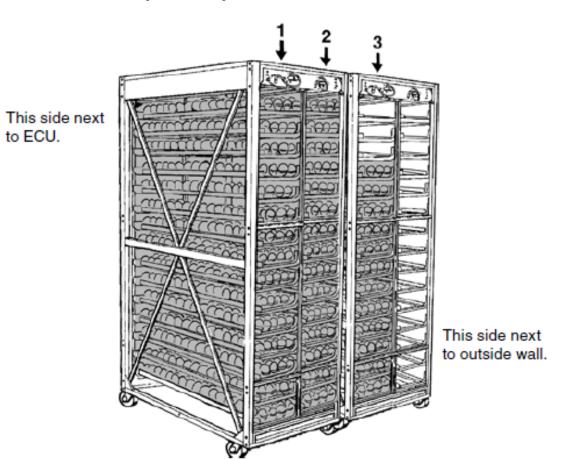


With Four empty racks



#### **Partial Setting**

If possible, avoid sets that are less than half the capacity of the machine.





#### **Setting the Platinum Incubator**

Before eggs are set, with machine empty:

- Leave incubator fans off and doors closed before loading eggs from the egg room
- 2 hours before loading, open the doors with dampers closed and allow to cool to room temperature
- Ensure incubator is completely dry

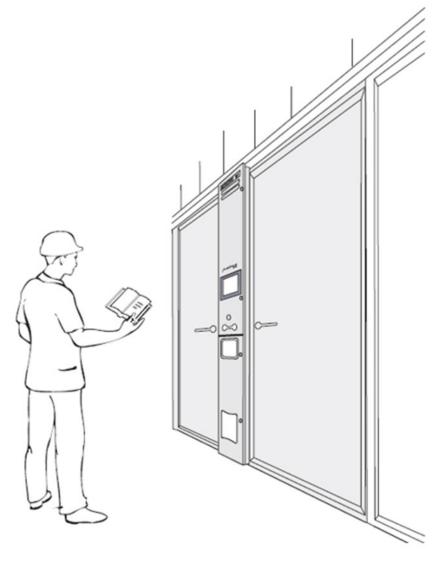


#### **Setting the Platinum Incubator**

- A minimum of 8 hours of holding mode is recommended to stabilize the egg temperature
- Verify correct profile date, time and person who made set
- If no mechanical issues, only open doors for candling and transfer



#### **Tales from the Notebook:**



- 1. Basic Requirements
  - a. Ventilation
- 2. Setting
  - a. Partial
  - b. Wet machines



#### **Incubator Profiles**

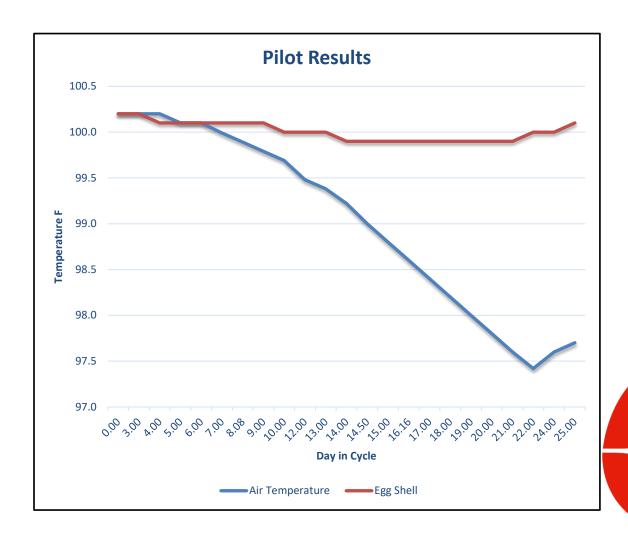
	ACI Turkey Profile							
		Day/Hr	Temperature	Humidity RH%	Damper %Opening			
		0.00	100.2	60	0			
mic	ntal	2.00	100.0	60	0			
heri	meı	4.00	99.9	60	0			
Endothermic	'elo	5.00	99.9	60	0			
En	Develomental	6.00	99.8	60	0			
		7.00	99.8	60	0			
		8.00	99.6	60	0			
	Maintenance	9.00	99.6	60	0			
		10.00	99.3	60	0			
Neutral		12.00	99.3	55	0			
Zeu.		13.00	99.1	50	15			
		14.00	98.8	45	25			
		14.50	98.8	45	25			
		15.00	98.8	35	30			
		16.00	98.8	35	35			
		17.00	98.8	35	40			
0		18.00	98.4	35	45			
Exothermic	ity	19.00	98.4	35	45			
ther	Maturity	20.00	98.4	35	50			
(XO)	Ma	21.00	98.4	35	55			
Ξ.		22.00	98.2	35	60			
		24.00	98.2	35	65			
		25.00	98.2	35	70			

	Platinum Turkey Profile								
			Day/Hr	Temperature	Humidity RH%	Damper CO2 PPM	Damper %Opening		
	Standby		-08h	75.0	65	5	5		
		1	- 6h	80.0	65	5	5		
PreV	PreWarm <b>2</b>		- 3h	85.0	65	5	5		
	=	3	0.00	100.2	75	0	0		
mic	nta	4	3.00	100.2	75	3000ppm	1		
her	pme	5	4.00	100.2	75	4000ppm	1		
Endothermic	Developmental	6	5.00	100.1	75	5000ppm	2		
En	Dev	7	6.00	100.1	75	6000ppm	2		
		8	7.00	100.0	75	7000ppm	3		
		9	8.08	99.9	72	8000ppm	3		
		10	9.00	99.8	72	9000ppm	4		
_	nce	11	10.00	99.7	72	9000ppm	4		
Neutral	Maintenance	12	12.00	99.5	72	9000ppm	5		
Neı		13	13.00	99.4	72	9000ppm	10		
		14	14.00	99.2	65	6000ppm	20		
		15	14.50	99.0	60	5000ppm	25		
		16	15.00	98.8	50	3000ppm 1 4000ppm 2 5000ppm 2 6000ppm 3 8000ppm 3 9000ppm 4 9000ppm 4 9000ppm 2 5000ppm 2 4000ppm 2 4000ppm 3 4000ppm 4 4000ppm 4 4000ppm 5 3500ppm 6 3500ppm 7 3200ppm 8 3000ppm 9	30		
		17	16.16	98.6	45	4000ppm	40		
	! ! !	18	17.00	98.4	40	4000ppm	45		
၁		19	18.00	98.2	40	4000ppm	50		
Exothermic	rity	20	19.00	98.0	40	3500ppm	60		
the	Maturity	21	20.00	97.8	38	3500ppm	70		
Exo	Ž	22	21.00	97.6	36	3500ppm	75		
	1 1 1	23	22.00	97.4	35	3200ppm	80		
		24	24.00	97.6	33	3000ppm	90		
		25	25.00	97.7	32	2800ppm	100		



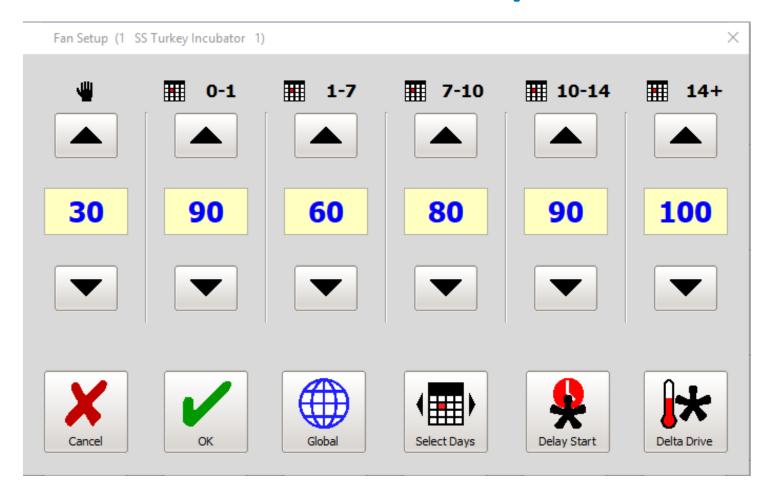
#### **Platinum Profile**

	Platinum Turkey Profile									
			Day/Hr	Pilot Temperature	Air Temperature	Humidity RH%	Damper CO2 PPM	Damper 11 %Opening		
S	Standby		-08h	75.0	75.0	65	5	5		
		1	- 6h	80.0	80.0	65	5	5		
PreV	PreWarm 2		- 3h	85.0	85.0	65	5	5		
6)	_	3	0.00	100.2	100.2	75	0	0		
mi	nta	4	3.00	100.2	100.2	75	3000ppm	1		
Endothermic	Develomental	5	4.00	100.1	100.2	75	4000ppm	1		
lot	elo	6	5.00	100.1	100.1	75	5000ppm	2		
End	)ev	7	6.00	100.1	100.1	75	6000ppm	2		
	Ι	8	7.00	100.1	100.0	75	7000ppm	3		
		9	8.08	100.1	99.9	72	8000ppm	3		
	Maintenance	10	9.00	100.1	99.8	72	9000ppm	4		
_		11	10.00	100.0	99.7	72	9000ppm	4		
Neutral		12	12.00	100.0	99.5	72	9000ppm	5		
Veu		13	13.00	100.0	99.4	72	9000ppm	10		
		14	14.00	99.9	99.2	65	6000ppm	20		
		15	14.50	99.9	99.0	60	5000ppm	25		
		16	15.00	99.9	98.8	50	4000ppm	30		
		17	16.16	99.9	98.6	45	4000ppm	40		
		18	17.00	99.9	98.4	40	4000ppm	45		
၁		19	18.00	99.9	98.2	40	4000ppm	50		
E	ity	20	19.00	99.9	98.0	40	3500ppm	60		
the	ıtır	21	20.00	99.9	97.8	38	3500ppm	70		
Exothermic	Maturity	22	21.00	99.9	97.6	36	3500ppm	75		
<b>\F</b>		23	22.00	99.9	97.4	35	3200ppm	80		
		24	24.00	100.0	97.6	33	3000ppm	90		
		25	25.00	100.1	97.7	32	2800ppm	100		



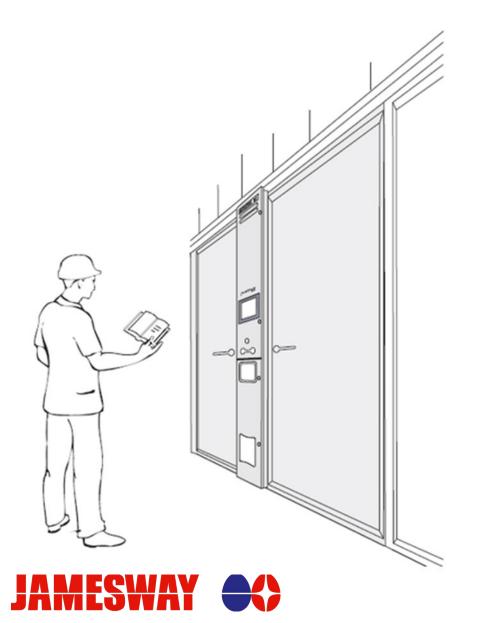


#### **Incubator Setups**





#### **Tales from the Notebook:**



- 1. Basic Requirements
  - a. Ventilation
- 2. Setting
  - a. Partial
  - b. Wet machines
- 3. Profiles/Setups
  - a. Changed

#### **Platinum Calibration**

 One of the most important procedures with the Platinum or any incubation equipment is calibration.

 Jamesway recommends temperature, humidity and CO2 be checked for each incubation cycle.

Hatchers require once a month calibration checks.



#### **Checking Fertility at 7-10 Days**

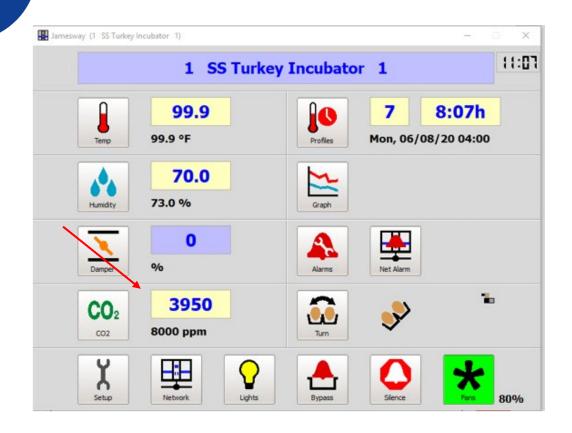
• Candling the outside 2 rows of column (40 eggs) = 33% sample.

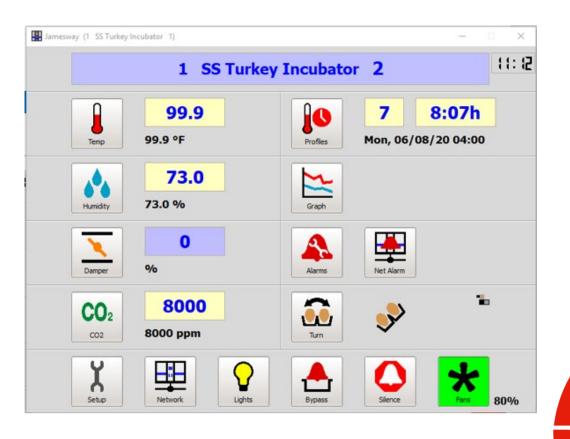






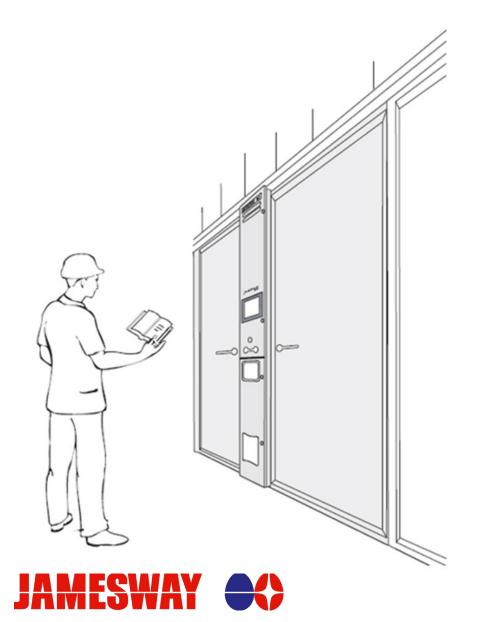
#### **Monitoring Machine Behavior**







#### Tales from the Notebook:



- 1. Basic Requirements
  - a. Ventilation
- 2. Setting
  - a. Partial
  - b. Wet machines
- 3. Profiles/Setups
  - a. Changed
- 4. Machine Behavior
  - a. Not predictable

#### **Hatcher Operating Instructions**

- Start Hatchers 2 Hours before Transfer with Baskets in Machines
  - Ensure fans are on and protective sensor covers removed



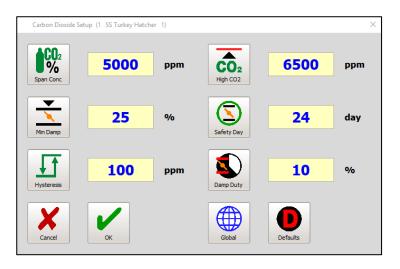
Transfer Profile Start Date from the Incubator to Hatchers

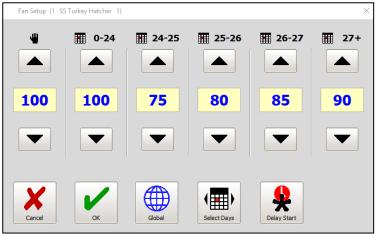




#### **Hatcher Profile with Setups**

Day/Hr	Temperature	P30 Hatche Humidity	Damper	Damper %
Day/III	Temperature	RH%	CO2	Damper 70
0.00	98.0	40%	4000 PPM	25%
24.00	98.0	40%	4000 PPM	25%
24.04	98.0	40%	4000 PPM	25%
24.16	98.0	40%	4000 PPM	25%
24.20	98.0	40%	4000 PPM	30%
25.00	98.0	40%	4000 PPM	40%
25.02	98.0	40%	4000 PPM	45%
25.04	97.8	40%	4000 PPM	50%
25.08	97.7	40%	4000 PPM	52%
25.13	97.6	45%	4000 PPM	55%
25.20	97.4	45%	3500 PPM	60%
26.01	97.2	50%	3500 PPM	65%
26.05	97.0	55%	3500 PPM	68%
26.09	96.8	60%	3500 PPM	70%
26.10	96.7	65%	3500 PPM	72%
26.12	96.6	70%	3500 PPM	73%
26.14	96.5	65%	3000 PPM	75%
26.17	96.4	60%	3000 PPM	78%
26.20	96.3	58%	3000 PPM	80%
26.23	96.2	53%	3000 PPM	85%
27.01	96.1	50%	3000 PPM	90%
27.06	96.0	45%	2500 PPM	90%
27.08	96.0	45%	2500 PPM	95%
27.12	95.8	40%	100%	100%







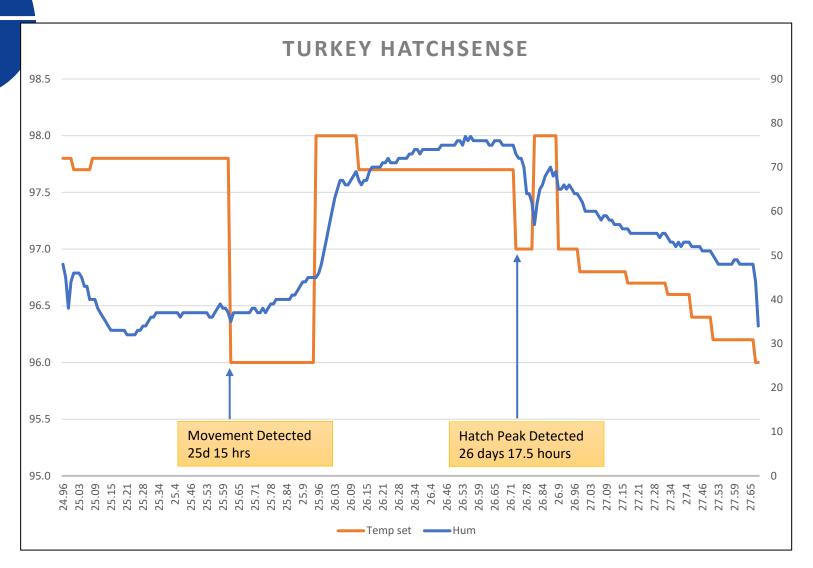
#### **HatchSense Profile**

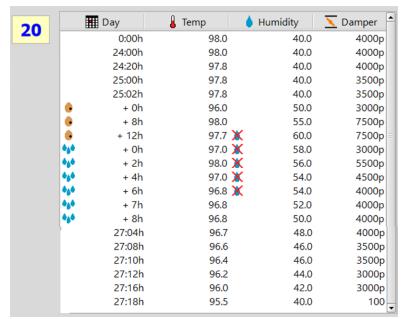
20		<b>Ⅲ</b> Day	8	Temp	•	Humidity	Namper	A
20		0:00h		98.0		40.0	4000	o
		24:00h		98.0		40.0	4000	o
		24:20h		97.8		40.0	4000	o
		25:00h		97.8		40.0	3500	0
		25:02h		97.8		40.0	3500	o
	•	+ 0h		96.0		50.0	3000	o III
	•	+ 8h		98.0		55.0	7500	o
	•	+ 12h		97.7	×	60.0	7500	o  ≡
	•4•	+ 0h		97.0	X	58.0	3000	o
	**	+ 2h		98.0	X	56.0	5500	o 📗
	**	+ 4h		97.0	×	54.0	4500	o
	•4•	+ 6h		96.8	X	54.0	4000	0
	***	+ 7h		96.8		52.0	4000	o 📗
	•4•	+ 8h		96.8		50.0	4000	o
	1	27:04h		96.7		48.0	4000	р
		27:08h		96.6		46.0	3500	р
		27:10h		96.4		46.0	3500	р
		27:12h		96.2		44.0	3000	р
		27:16h		96.0		42.0	3000	р
		27:18h		95.5		40.0	100	0

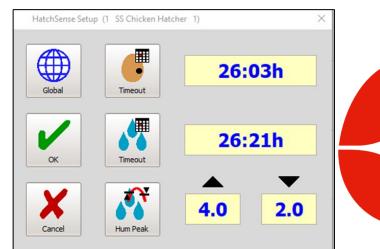




#### **HatchSense Actual Data**

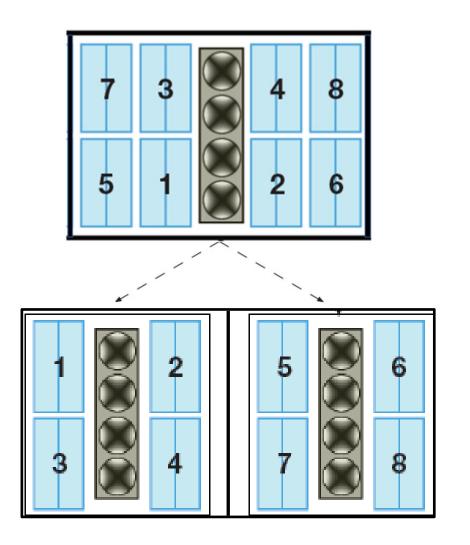






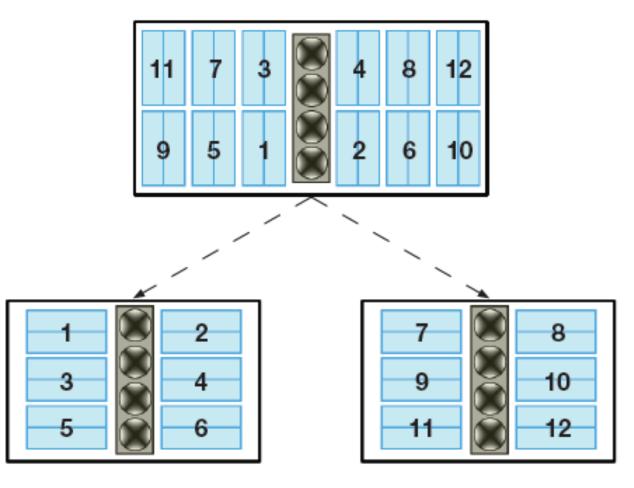


# Transferring the P40 Incubator to 2 P20 Hatchers





## Transferring the P60 Incubator to 2 P30 Hatchers

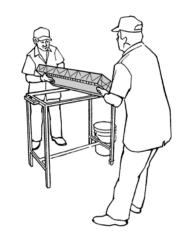




#### **Egg Transfer**



Start at the top right-hand column and move downwards. Remove all trays from the right column before proceeding to the left.





Hatcher baskets are first stacked on the right-hand side. The right stack will contain all the eggs from the right column of the incubator rack. The left stack will contain all the eggs from the left column of the incubator rack.

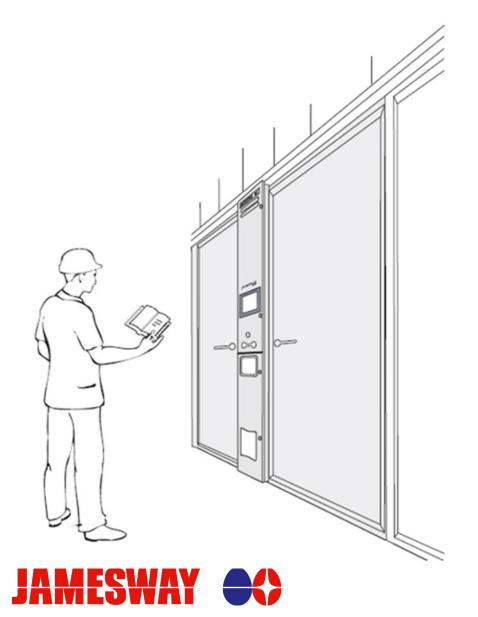


#### Reminder List for Egg Transfer

- During transfer, handle eggs with care.
- Do not remove racks without levelling eggs first.
- Do not remove all incubator racks from one side and then the other side.
- Do not transfer eggs into wet hatcher baskets.
- Do not bang the basket down on the table during transfer.
- Do not flip eggs too quickly during transfer. Turn in a smooth gently rotating motion.
- Do not allow eggs to cool excessively during transfer.
- Once transfer has started, it must be completed for all the racks.
- Ensure all racks or dollies are positioned properly in the hatchers.



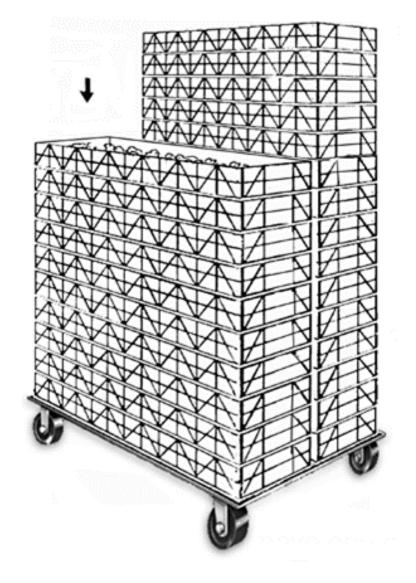
#### **Tales from the Notebook:**



- 1. Basic Requirements
  - a. Ventilation
- 2. Setting
  - a. Partial
  - b. Wet machines
- 3. Profiles/Setups
  - a. Changed
- 4. Machine Behavior
  - a. Not Predictable
- 5. Transfer
  - a. Removing racks
  - b. Wet baskets
  - c. Doors not latched

#### Taking off the Hatch

- Turn on alarm bypass and fans off
- Open doors and remove all dollies with baskets of poults
- After hatcher is empty close doors and set damper to 0%
- •Remove the lid from one column
- Destack that column before going onto the next.





#### **Washing and Cleaning**

- Wash and sanitize the Incubator after transfer, Hatcher after pull
- Protect humidity and carbon dioxide sensors with the covers provided
- Lift the ECU fan motors into the vertical position.
- Open the skirts on the ECU
- Using a power hose, thoroughly wash the entire machine ECU frame and coils. Do not use a high-pressure washer on motors
- Apply a disinfectant solution
- Allow the machine to dry completely before reloading

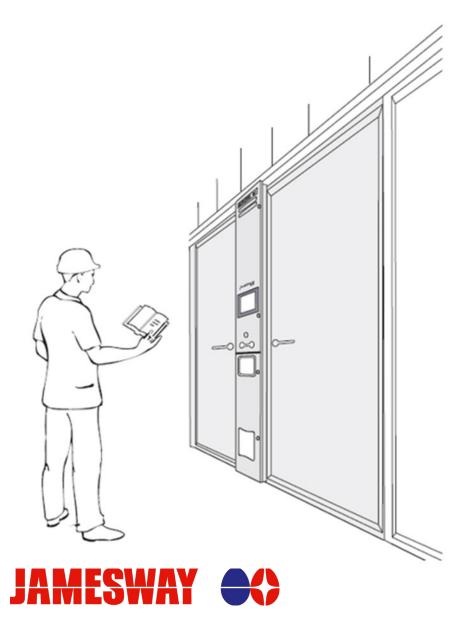
Warning: Disconnect the machine from electrical supply before commencing clean-out.

Turn off the power.

Wipe down and clean ECU motors and fan blades by hand only. Do not use a power washer to clean the motors or fans.

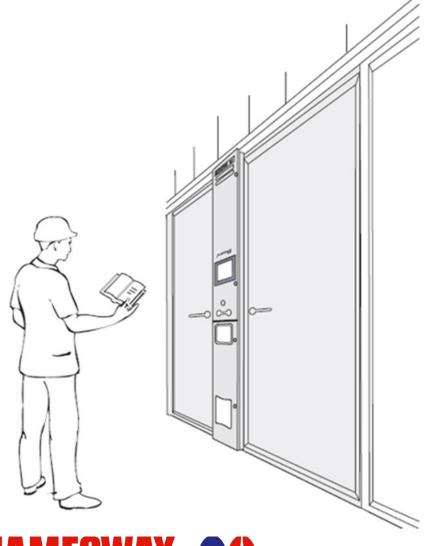


#### **Tales from the Notebook:**



- 1. Basic Requirements
  - a. Ventilation
- 2. Setting
  - a. Partial
  - b. Wet machines
- 3. Profiles/Setups
  - a. Changed
- 4. Machine Behavior
  - a. Not Predictable
- 5. Transfer
  - a. Removing racks
  - b. Wet baskets
  - c. Doors not latched
- 6. Cleaning
  - a. Sensors not covered
  - o. Motors and fan blades high pressure
  - c. Displays get wet

#### **Tales from the Notepad:**



Little things make the difference. Everyone is well prepared in the big things, but only the winners perfect the little things....Bear Bryant

Successful Hatcheries do the little things...



### **Questions?**

### webinars@Jamesway.com

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